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Answer Key


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## Chapter-1. Determiners

1. 

(a) that
(b) those
(c) these
(d) these
(e) this
(f) that
(g) those
(h) those
(i) these
(j) those
2.
(a) her
(b) our, their
(c) Your
(d) your
(e) their
3.
(a) each
(b) neither
(c) either
(d) each
(e) every
4.
(a) much, number, many
(b) any, some
(c) much, amount, less, less
(d) a little, a lot, few
(e) many, a great deal, anything, a great deal of, little, A few
5.
(a) little
(b) few
(c) a few
(d) few
(e) little
6.
(a) those
(b) The
(c) every
(d) many
(e) any
(f) each
(g) some
(h) These
(i) much
(j) some

## Chapter-2. Verbs: The Present Tense

1. gets pickes
get
comes
prepares lives reaches tells
pulls
works
begins
enjoys drives
get
2. (a) is reading
(b) are you doing
(c) are working
(d) is not listening
(e) is sitting
(f) are studying with you
(g) is not ringing
(h) are eating
(i) staying
(j) living
3. (a) We are going to the cinema.
(b) They are working now.
(c) You are not walking.
(d) We are not winning this watch.
(e) They are not bringing a cake.
(f) The dog is not playing with a football.
(g) Are you meeting your friend at 4 o'clock?
(h) Lucy and Steve are playing the piano.
(i) We are studying this evening.
(j) Sarah is not telling a story.
4. (a) has sent
(b) have visited
(c) have been
(d) have, packed
(e) had
(f) have done
(g) have cleaned
(h) has painted
(i) have gone
(j) have given up
5. (a) have been sleeping
(b) have not been working
(c) have been eating
(d) have not been exercising
(e) has not been studying
(f) have been living
(g) has been snowing
(h) has not been playing
(i) have been drinking
(j) have not been sleeping
6. has been dreaming has been working has been looking has been deciding

## Chapter-3. Verbs: The Past Tense

1. 

(a) went
(b) was
(c) did not do
(d) walked
(e) went
(f) was
(g) did not rain
(h) saw
(i) did you spend
(j) visited, was
2.

| (a) was playing | (b) was using |
| :--- | :--- |
| (c) was watching | (d) were cooking |
| (e) were traveling | (f) was walking |
| (g) were eating | (h) was reading |
| (i) were studying | (j) was sleeping |
| walked wore | needed wrote |
| opened gave | left $\quad$ ran |
| phoned arrived | went |

4. was trying had arranged had almost given up was going had missed
had
had already picked had been waiting
was waiting had been
5. (a) had been sleeping
(c) had been looking for
(b) had been waiting
(e) had she been learning
(f) had been singing
(g) had been driving
(i) had not been working
(h) had been helping
(j) had been cycling
6. has been walking was losing had been thinking had not been had been knowing became had been going was offering had always been wanting had been ever loving

## Chapter-4. Verbs: The Future Tense

1. will be will envy will travel will happen only
2. (a) will be coming
(c) will be flying
(e) will be raining
(g) will be watching
(i) will be sleeping
3. (a) will be raining
(c) will be sitting
(e) will write
(g) will bring
(i) will be raining
4. (a) will have repaired
(c) will have visited
(e) will have left
(g) will have arrested
(i) will have managed
will get
will meet
will serve
will buy
will marry
will not refuse
(b) will be meeting
(d) will be singing
(f) will be writing
(h) will be eating
(j) will be arriving
(b) will play
(d) will enjoy
(f) will take
(h) will buy
(j) will be bathing
(b) will have done
(d) shall have finished
(f) will have discussed
(h) will have written
(j) will have fufilled
5. (a) will have been living
(b) will have been working
(c) will have been waiting
(d) will have been watching
(e) will have been sleeping
(f) will have been looking
(g) will have been studying
(h) will have been living
(i) will have been reading
(j) will have been visiting
6. (a) Raja : will have been taking Siddharth : will have been visiting
(b) Ramakant: still will have been having, will have been waiting
(c) Jack : will have been painting, will redecorate, will be moving
(d) Peter : will have been working, will have been working

## Chapter-5. Modals

1. (a) Will
(b) Shall
(c) will
(d) will
(e) Will
(f) Will
(g) shall
(h) Will
(i) shall
(j) Shall
2. 

(a) Could
(b) can
(c) could
(d) can
(e) could
(f) be able to
(g) be able to
(h) be able to
(i) could
(j) be able to
3.
(a) had to
(b) have to
(c) must
(d) have to
(e) have to
(f) have to
(g) must
(h) have to
(i) must
(j) had to
4. (a) I'm hungry. You should to eat something.
(b) I'm cold.

You should put on your coat.
(c) I have a toothache.

You should go to the dentist.
(d) I have the hiccups. What should I do?

You ought to control your breathing.
(e) I left my sunglasses at a restaurant yesterday. What should I do?
You ought to phone immediately to the restaurant manager.
(f) I'm hot.

You ought to drink something fresh.
(g) I have a headache. You should take an asprin.
(h) Someone stole my bicycle. What should I do? You should complain to the police.
(i) I bought a pair of pants that don't fit. They're too long. You should take them to the tailors' to get them shortened.
(j) I always make a lot of spelling mistakes when I write. I don't know what to do about it. What do you suggest? You should use a pocket dictionary.
5. (a) might
(b) might
(c) might
(d) might
(e) may
(f) may
(g) might
(h) might
(i) might
(j) might
6.
(a) might
(b) may
(c) Could
(d) could
(e) Can
(f) may not
(g) may not
(h) couldn't
(i) could
(j) might
7. (a) Could you please bring me my mobile phone?
(b) Would he like to accompany me?
(c) Didn't he know whom to approach for help?
(d) What should I give her as birthday present I don't know.
(e) Can I wish that he wasn't so rude to his employees.
(f) Can I know where I am supposed to meet her?
(g) Could you please get me a glass of mango shake?
(h) Mother, can I watch cartoon on T.V.?
8. John : can

Peter : can't have to
John : don't have to
Peter : may not, must, have to, may
9.
(a) needn't
(b) mustn't
(c) must, should
(d) could, can
(e) can, can't
(f) can, can't
(g) need
(h) might
(i) shouldn't, may
(j) musnt't
(k) must
(l) May
(m) needn't
(n) can

## Chapter-6. Conditionals

1. 

(a) (ii)
(b) (iv)
(c) (v)
(d) (i)
(e) (iii)
2.
(a) has
(b) will
(c) work
(d) is
(e) you will promise
(f) will
(g) will make
(h) will
(i) don't have
(j) is not
3.
(a) Future
(b) Past
(c) Present
(d) Present
(e) Future
(f) Present
(g) Future
(h) Past
(i) Future
4. (a) you would not have been in trouble.
(b) the streets would be wet now.
(c) if i hurry up.
(d) I would have helped the needy.
(e) if he had been careful.
(f) if she had woken up earlier.
(g) if he go to the doctor.
(h) he would not have become a criminal.
(i) she had worked hard.
(j) I would help the needy.
5. (a) If he did not work in the evening, he would have time to play with his children.
(b) If she didn't buy so many clothes, she would have money.
(c) I I had a car, I would be able to give you a lift.
(d) If I did not go to bed late, I would not tired in the morning.
(e) If she had a watch, she would not be late.
(f) If I did not eat so many cakes and sweets, I wouldn't put on weight.
(g) If I was not weak, I would be able to be a firefighter.
(h) If I could speak perfect English, I would not be in this class.
(i) I didn't have the flu, I would be at work this morning.
(j) If I studied more, I would pass my exam.
(k) If my car had not broken down, I would not go to work by bus.

## Chapter-7. Verbs : Non-Finites

1. 

(a) to reduce
(b) to decrease
(c) to charge
(d) to find, flow
(e) to pay, travel
(f) to go
(g) rise
2.
(a) me to do
(b) me to send
(c) me to help
(d) him not to drive
(e) me to call
(f) him not to smoke
(g) her to come
(h) us to go
(i) her not to call
(j) them how to use
3. (a) I won't be any good to talk to him about it.
(b) It is no use to try to convince him of this.
(c) If wouldn't be much good to complain to the minister about it.
(d) It was a difficult business to start the car with such a weak battery.
(e) It is no fun to have so many children to look after.
(f) Will it be any good to see the boss about it?
(g) It is just silly to throw away your chances like that.
4. (a) It is wrong to cheat others.
(b) It is very difficult to climb Everest.
(c) It is foolish to waste your money.
(d) It is not polite to call people's name.
(e) It is not wise to put things off untill last minute.
(f) It is pleasant to sit in the sun on a cold day.
(g) It is impossible to read your handwritting.
(h) It is disgraceful to betray your best friend.
(i) It is a penal offence to bribe a public-servant.
(j) It is delightful to hear the sound of the sea.
5. (a) He has some bills to pay them.
(b) He has six children to provide for.
(c) The strikers held a meeting to discuss the terms of employers.
(d) He has sent his son to America to educate him.
(e) He was very tired to go any further.
6. (a) The news is too good to be true.
(b) The thief ran too fast for the police to catch him.
(c) He is too proud to beg.
(d) The tea was too hot to drink.
(e) The bag was too heavy to lift.
(f) He spoke too fast to be understood.
7. (a) John didn't work hard enough to pass the test.
(b) Priya isn't old enough to get married.
(c) The car isn't fast enough to get to Agra in three hours.
(d) The red notebook isn't small enough to fit in the gift box.
(e) The boys aren't strong enough to carry my suitcase.
8. (a) Frustrated with life, he tried to commit suicide.
(b) I saw the fox chasing a rabbit.
(c) Having finished their work, the workers left for home.
(d) Betrayed by his partner, he suffered huge losses.
(e) Working hard, she wants to pass the test.
(f) Putting on my best clothes, I wanted to impress her.
(g) Having hurt his leg, he stopped working.
(h) Unwilling to make another attempt, he decided to quit.
(i) Being warned of the impending disaster, the Emperor made good his escape.
(j) Having lost a large amount of money, he gave up gambling.
(k) Receiving no reply, I sent another letter.
(l) Encouraged by his wife, he presevered.
(m) Being tired, he sat down to rest.
(n) Taking pity on the mouse, the magician turned it into a cat.
(o) Alighting from the train, the passenger tripped over a bag.
(p) The hungry fox saw a bunch of grapes hanging from a vine.
(q) Stricken with grief, she killed herself.
(r) Driven by rain, they took shelter under a tree.
9.
(a) bored
(b) boring
(c) depressing
(d) annoying
(e) confusing
10. (a) dancing
(b) singing
(c) playing
(d) swimming
(e) smoking
(f) being
(g) making
(h) going
(i) cooking
(j) practicing
(k) going
(l) telling
(m) having
(n) talking
(o) giving
(p) cooking
(q) waiting
(r) going
(s) taking
(t) going

## Chapter-8. Active and Passive Voice

1. 

(a) Active
(b) Passive
(c) Active
(d) Passive
(e) Passive
(f) Active
(g) Passive
(h) Passive
(i) Active
(j) Passive
2. (a) Ms. Singh teaches us grammar.
(b) The teacher praised him.
(c) The firemen took the injured to the hospital.
(d) An earthquake destroyed the town.
(e) The boy's work pleased the teacher.
(f) The fire damaged the building.
(g) Who taught you French?
(h) The manager will give you a ticket.
(i) Spectators thronged the streets.
(j) Everyone will blame us.
(k) The wind blew down the trees.
(l) The police caught the thieves.
(m) Alice posted the letter.
(n) The hostess recieved us.
(o) A stick killed the snake.
(p) The people welcomed the minister.
(q) They found him guilty of murder.
(r) The Anands built this house in 1991.
3. (a) The door is opened by him.
(b) The table was set by us.
(c) A lot of money is paid by her.
(d) A picture is drawn by me.
(e) Blue shoes are worn by them.
(f) You are not helped by them.
(g) The book is not opened by him.
(h) The letter is not written by you.
(i) Are you picked up by your mum?
(j) Is the thief caught by the police officer.
4. (a) Three cats were rescued by Julia.
(b) The reports were handed by the students.
(c) The poem was learnt by Prem.
(d) The rucksack was put by Tim on the floor.
(e) The match had been lost by the girls.
(f) The window is not going to be opened by the teacher.
(g) The blue car was crashed into by Maria.
(h) The DVD recorder has not been repaired by the mechanic.
(i) The book has been forgotten by Ravi.
(j) Cricket is played by them.
5. (a) Are experiments done by scientists?
(b) Is a new skirt being worn by Mary at the moment?
(c) Where were their bags left by them?
(d) Is the mouse being chased by the cat?
(e) Has the actress been asked personal questions by them?
(f) Can English be taught by Mr. Jones?
(g) Is the baby going to be fed by them?
(h) Was the missing key found by Mr. Peter?
(i) Has their house has been sold by them?
(j) How was the solution to the problem found by him?
(k) Why is dinner being made by Peter today?
(l) Can I be shown your homework by me?
(m) Will your car have been repaired by Tuesday?
(n) Was football being played by children when they arrived?
(o) How many stamps have been collected by you?
(p) Is the bill being paid now by mum and dad now?
(q) Will you be given money for the trip?
(r) Was the old building demolished last week by them?
(s) Has the window been opened by Sheela?
( t ) Is all the housework done by your mum?
6. (a) The question can be answered by me.
(b) The box would be carried by her.
(c) The window should be opened by you.
(d) The cards might be played by us.
(e) The car ought to be washed by you.
(f) The form must be filled in by him.
(g) The bread need not be bought by them.
(h) The sentence could not be read by him.
(i) Will our English be tested by the teacher?
(j) Could the door be locked by Jenny?
7. (a) You are requested to lend me ten pounds.
(b) You are requested to do this work.
(c) You are ordered to fetch me a glass of water.
(d) You are advised to work hard to pass your examination.
(e) You are forbidden to write on the wall.
(f) Let it be done at once.
(g) It is suggested that we should go for a walk.
(h) Let it be done by me.
(i) Your elders ought to be respected by you.
(j) Your lessons should be learnt by you.
8. (a) It is thought that the new Prime Minister is a good speaker.
(b) The suspended gunman is reported to be in custody.
(c) It is not expected that the new party will win the election.
(d) It is said by the police that the principal is at large.
(e) It is known by the detective that the robber has left the city.
(f) It is believed that giving encouragement is important at work, too.
(g) It was told that charles drank too much at the party.
(h) It is known that drug addiction is dangerous.
(i) It is said that the robbery lasted half an hour.
(j) It is thought that your tea is too sweet.
(k) The thief is said to have stolen several wallets.
(l) It is thought that pigeons carry a lot of diseases.
(m) It is known that Sarah is the prettiest girl in the class.
(n) It is acknowledged that she is a talented painter.
(o) It was believed that the Sun moves round the Earth.
(p) It is found that this kind of material is poisonous.
(q) It was thought that the witness injured.
9. (a) He is said to be a strict disciplinarian.
(b) He is believed to be in favour of change.
(c) This plant is said to be a remedy for cancer.
(d) His company is said to be in trouble.
(e) We were told not to come back.
(f) These kinds of dogs are said to be very aggressive.
(g) I was not allowed to visit my husband.
(h) It is said by them that smoking is dangerous.
(i) It is thought that the ring has been stolen by him.
(j) It is believed that she is leaving tomorrow.
(k) It is known that Napoleon was a great leader.
(l) It is thought that he had committed the crime.
(m) It is believed that he was going to retire.
(n) It is known of us that cancer is caused by smoking.
(o) It is said that Ann and Peter got married.
(p) It is thought she is pregnant.
(q) It is said that she has miscarried twice.

## Chapter-9. Comparison of Adjective

1. 

| (a) taller | (b) quite brave | (c) sweeter |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d) wealthiest | (e) colder | (f) fattest |
| (g) largest | (h) best | (i) farthest |
| (j) hottest | (k) elder | (l) nearest |
| (m) oldest | (n) most | (o) least |
| (p) southernmost (q) narrow | (r) good |  |
| (s) any | (t) topmost |  |

2. (a) She is the best student in the college.-Superlative Degree
(b) Superlative Degree
(d) Superlative Degree
(f) Superlative Degree
(h) Comparative Degree
(j) Comparative Degree
(l) Comparative Degree
(n) Positive Degree
(p) Comparative Degree
(r) Superlative Degree
(t) Superlative Degree
3. 

(a) better
(b) greatest
(c) taller
(d) lighter
(e) cleaner
(f) easier
(g) elder
(h) better
(i) hotter
(j) heavier
(k) most beautiful (l) funniest
(m) most courageous ( n ) cleverest ( o ) most industrious
4.
(a) as fast as
(b) as delicious as
(c) not so tall as
(d) not so low as
(e) as bad as
(f) as optimistic as
(g) not so windy as
(h) as delicious as
(i) not so sweet as
(j) as brave as
(k) not so heavy as (l) as exciting as
(m) not so famous as (n) not so generous as(o) as tall as
(p) not so difficult ( q ) as hungry as (r) as hot as
(s) not so friendly as( t ) as lazy as
5.
(a) more
(b) the more active
(c) The more concentrate
(d) the more vain
(e) The more optimistic
(f) The more calories
(g) the few problems
(h) bigger
(i) The more you relax
6. (a) most experienced
(b) Best
(c) The most interesting
(d) the most brilliant
(e) the most pleasant
(f) the cleanest
(g) the greatest
(h) the most difficult
(i) the most hard-working ( j ) the most open-minded
(k) of the oldest
(l) largest
(m) the most kind-hearted
(n) the stupidest
(o) the most changeable
(p) The most comfortable
(q) The most credible
(r) The most popular
(s) the most ugly
(t) the worst
7. (a) as big as
(b) the shortest person
(c) the most independent
(d) more comfortable than
(e) the tallest
(f) older than
(g) the best
(h) younger than
(i) straighter than
(j) the most

## Chapter-10. Adverbs

1. (a) safely - deposit, most - powerful
(b) recently - found, so - lost
(c) quickly - running, widely - recruited
(d) most - talented, quickly - finish
(e) quite - annoued, very - dishonest
(f) out - threw
(g) carefully - looked, across - sprinted
(h) safely - arrived, down - can settle
(i) most talented - competitor , still - will not defeat
(j) always, postively - think
(k) Unsually - tense
(l) glowingly - spoke, extraordinary - acting skills
(m) most highly rated - class
(n) willingly - task
(o) inside - hibiscus
(p) much colder - New Delhi
(q) enthusiastically - waved
(r) softly - speak, greatly - suffer
(s) firmly - pounded
(t) so - difficult, quite - boring, bitterly - complained
2. 

| (a) Frequency | (b) Time |
| :---: | :---: |
| (c) Frequency | (d) Time |
| (e) Manner | (f) Frequency |
| (g) Time | (h) Frequency |
| (i) Place | (j) Manner |
| (k) Time | (l) Time |
| (m) Time | (n) Frequency |
| (o) Time | (p) Manner |
| (q) Manner | (r) Affirmation |
| (s) Degree | (t) Affirmation |
| (u) Frequency | (v) Time |
| (w) Time | (x) Place |
| (y) Time |  |

3. (a) perfectly
(b) quietly
(c) carefully
(d) regularly
(e) nicely
(f) terribly
(g) heavily
(h) well
(i) hardly
(j) fantastically
4. (a) carefully
(b) slowly
(c) perfectly
(d) angrily
(e) loudly
(f) badly
(g) nicely
(h) well
(i) quietly
(j) easily
5. 

(a) quickly
(b) pretty
(c) terribly
(d) good
(e) easily
(f) terrible
(g) well
(h) careful
(i) carefully
(j) loudly
6.
(a) simply
(b) fully
(c) purely
(d) considerably
(e) closely
(f) entirely
(g) necessarily
(h) reliably
(i) swiftly
(j) neatly
(k) seriously
(l) vaguely

## Chapter-11. Prepositions

| 1. on | at | of | of |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| into | to | on | to |
| of | on | to | to |
| to | to | in | in |
| in |  |  |  |

2. 

(a) for
(b) by
(c) about
(d) in
(e) of
(f) in
(g) Not required
(h) to
(i) from
(j) of
3. in
of
by
outside
near
till
4. as
as
to
as

In
from
at
for
with
of
around
of
to
from
behind
through around
5. (a) instead of
(b) In case of
(c) On behalf of
(d) by means of
(e) As for
(f) apart from
(g) in common with (h) According to(i) in favour of
(j) because of
(k) lack of
(l) Due to
(m) In addition to
(n) in front of
(o) without regard for
(p) With regards to (q) by far
(r) by mistake
(s) regardless of
(t) on purpose
6.
(a) for
(b) for
(c) in
(d) of
(e) for
(f) of
(g) in
(h) of
(i) in
in
over
of
ago
by
of
7. in
in
across
of
for

## Chapter-12. Conjunctions

1. (a) so that
(b) Although
(c) When
(d) so
(e) Although
(f) where
(g) but
(h) because, and
(i) Since
(j) or
2. 

(a) because
(b) since
(c) when
(d) while
(e) after
(f) until
(g) so that
(h) if
(i) unless
(j) when
3.
(a) because
(b) a long as
(c) unless
(d) so that
(e) Although
(f) even if
(g) until
(h) while
(i) even if
(j) Although
(k) until
(l) as long as
(m) while
(n) because
(o) so that
(p) unless
(q) because
(r) although
(s) untill
(t) while
4.
(a) nor
(b) If, then
(c) Whether, or
(d) No sooner, than
(e) both, and
(f) Neither, nor
(g) Not only, but, also
(h) whether, or
(i) not, but
(j) either, or
5.
(a) and
(b) because
(c) and
(d) and
(e) or
(f) Though
(g) neither, nor
(h) while
(i) though
(j) and
(k) and
(l) Not only, but also
(m) and
( n ) and
(o) Not only, but, also
(p) or
(q) so
(r) Whether, or
(s) Neither, nor
(t) or

## 6. Do it yourself.

## Chapter-13. Phrases and Clauses

## 1. Phrases

(a), (d), (e), (g), (j), (l), (n), (o)
2. (a) with dry grass and brush
(b) on the platform, in the hot sun
(c) in the antique frame, of my grandmother
(d) along the fence rail, in the backyard
(e) through deep waters, of the caribbean
3. (a) Infinitive phrase
(b) Participial phrase
(c) Gerund phrase
(d) Infinitive phrase
(e) Gerund phrase
4.

## Independent

(a) 2nd part of sentence
(b) second part of sentence
(c) first part of sentence
(d) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(e) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(f) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(g) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(h) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(i) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(j) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(k) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(l) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(m) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(n) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(o) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(p) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(q) first part of sentence second part of sentence
(r) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(s) second part of sentence first part of sentence
(t) second part of sentence first part of sentence
5. (a) where his was wallet
(b) where I was
(c) how many children he has(d) How close we are
(e) What she said
(f) what our children say
(g) what he said
(h) what should you do
(i) he is
(j) where should we leave
7. (a) The police has caught the man who committed the theft last night.
(b) The French language is different from the Latin language which was once spoken throughout Europe.
(c) Can you tell me the reason why you are looking upset.
(d) All the plans which he had for making money quickly have failed.
(e) The landlord who was proud of his strength despised the weakness of his tenants.
(f) This is the village where I was born.
(g) Show me the place where you put the keys.
(h) Paul who was an old gentleman was my travelling companion.
(i) A fox which had never seen a crane before once met a crane.
(j) This is the wooden case where the shopkeeper keeps his money.
7. (a) While the cat's away the mice will play.
(b) A lie travels around the world while truth is putting her boots on.
(c) If you don't know where you are going any road will get you there.
(d) Memory is deceptive because it is colored by today's events.
(e) Never look down on anybody unless you're helping him up.
(f) You have to kiss a lot of toads before you find a handsome prince.
(g) Whenever you find yourself on the side of the majority, it is time to pause and reflect.
(h) Life is what happens when you are making other plans.
(i) As soon as you forbid something, you make it extraordinarily appealing.
(j) Everything is funny, as long as it's happening to somebody else.
8. (a) We watched the robins while they raised their young in our apple tree.
(b) Prem read the book since it was recommended by a friend.
(c) Dad donates his suits to charity after he has worn them a year.
(d) The policemen delayed the drivers until the wrecks were cleared.
(e) Ann ate an apple as she studied her vocabulary.

## Chapter-14. The Sentence

1. 

| (a) Complex | (b) Simple | (c) Compound |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d) Compound | (e) Simple | (f) | Compound |
| (g) Compound | (h) Compound | (i) Compound |  |
| (j) Complex |  |  |  |

## Chapter-15. Transformation of Sentences

1. (a) It was so cold that we could not go for a walk.
(b) She was so poor the she could not pay her fees.
(c) He was so late that he could not catch the bus.
(d) The house is so small that it cannot accomodate everybody.
(e) We were so late that we could not see the drama.
(f) She was sobbing so bitterly that she could not answer any question.
(g) She is so ill that she cannot attend any function.
(h) The tea is so hot that I cannot drink.
(i) She is so proud that she cannot beg
(j) The tree is so high that I cannot climb it.
(k) He is so foolish that he cannot care.
(l) He is so fickle minded that he cannot be trusted.
2. (a) These apples are too costly to buy them.
(b) He is too short to be a soldier.
(c) She speaks too softly to be hard in a small room.
(d) This passage in the book is too difficult to understand.
(e) She is too weak to get up from the bed.
(f) I am too tired to keep awake.
(g) It is too dark to see anything.
(h) He is too truthful to tell a lie.
(i) It is too hot to go out.
(j) She is too shy to even speak.
(k) The man is too old to learn new things.
(l) Time is too precious to be wasted.
3. (a) Jack never agrees to help his friends.
(b) He does not drive his car very carefully.
(c) Stella is not prettier than Mary.
(d) They have not accepted the invitation.
(e) A fox is not cleverer than a jackal.
(f) This shop does not sell expensive articles.
(g) She never keeps her room tidy.
(h) He is not polite to everyone.
(i) He is not very industrious.
(j) He is never late for his class.
4. (a) Rahul attended the conference yesterday.
(b) Raju has a car.
(c) Raghu wants to be an architect.
(d) Ajay dropped out of school.
(e) Shiva participated in the tour.
(f) This shopkeeper sells eggs.
(g) We created some problems.
(h) She has a job.
(i) The weather is pleasant for you to take a walk in the evening.
(j) The library has many books on Indian polity.
5. (a) She was upset with him.
(b) They were impressed with her performance.
(c) They will attend the party.
(d) He knows the answer.
(e) He has returned from work yet.
(f) They were interested in the offer.
(g) You can solve this problem.
(h) She accepted the invitation.
(i) He lives with his parents.
(j) He was kind to you.
6. (a) Was it a great sight?
(b) Can anyone tolerate this?
(c) Is there anything particularly impressive about this picture?
(d) Does anyone worship the setting sun?
(e) Could Guliver hear this watch ticking in his pocket?
(f) Is it useless to cry over spilt milk?
(g) Is Kashmir known for its scenic beauty?
(h) Is the beauty of nature beyond description?
(i) Has everybody heard of Darwin?
(j) Does he have his dinner at seven every morning?
7. (a) She dances very well.
(b) It was such a pity you did not come.
(c) It is matter of joy that we have won the match.
(d) It was indeed a fine kick.
(e) The Taj is very beautiful.
(f) It is said that he is no more.
(g) A terrible fate awaits the man.
(h) He leads a most unhappy life.
(i) The weather is very charming.
(j) His speech was eloquent.
8. (a) What a beautiful scene it is!
(b) How beautiful it is!
(c) How rich and powerful he was!
(d) What a hot day it is!
(e) How wonderful it is!
(f) How lucky she was!
(g) How hard he had worked!
(h) How fond of children his wife was!
(i) How thirsty and tired he was!
(j) What an amazing organ the brain itself is!
9. (a) Shakespeare is more famous than any other writer in English.
(b) Iron is the most useful of all metals.
(c) Ram does not earn more money than I do.
(d) India is not as large as China.
(e) Greenland is larger than any other island in the world.
(f) Water is not as light as air.
(g) My brother is not as tall as I am.
(h) Shyam is stronger than any other boy in the class.
10. (a) Nobody could find out the place where they stayed.
(b) It is not known what is the purpose of his visit to this place.
(c) All the labourers set out for their homes when the sun set.
(d) The thief fled away when he saw the policeman.
(e) Unless you worked hard you cannot succeed.
(f) All always respect the women who are pious.
(g) I do not know the way which leads to his house.
(h) The guests sitting in the room could not hear what he spoke.
(i) She hoped that she would be successful in the examination.
(j) A man who is fair in his dealings is always trusted.
11. (a) I know him to be an honest guy.
(b) We could not figure out the meaning of his words.
(c) I believe in God's existence.
(d) The helpess deserve our pity.
(e) The marble statue was bought from Jaipur.
(f) We saw trees laden with fruits.
(g) Driven by the rain, they took shelter under a tree.
(h) Deceived by his own friends, he lost all hope.
(i) Same as (e)
(j) Same as (f)
12. (a) He was guilty and went into hiding.
(b) He was not only sent to prison but also heavily fined.
(c) The old man sat in a corner and drank.
(d) A friend intervened and he was later released from jail.
(e) He was lazy and failed.
(f) He feared that he would be arrested and fled.
(g) He was innocent and never thought of running away.
(h) He was not only thrown into jail but also heavily fined.
(i) The old man sat near the fire and smoked.
(j) The boy had pleasant manner and thus became popular.
13. (a) He must run fast to catch the train.
(b) The sun having risen, the sky cleared.
(c) Inspite of his repeated failures, he did not give up.
(d) Besides looting the shop, they set it on fire.
(e) Being lazy he failed.
(f) Besides recommending me to several employers, he also lent me some money.
14. (a) He is innocent in this matter and I am confident about it.
(b) He must work hard otherwise he cannot pass the examination.
(c) She may do as hardwork as she can but she cannot pass the examination.
(d) He has stolen her purse and she is sure about it.
(e) The shopkeeper quarrels with every customer, therefore, nobody likes him.
(f) He must improve his behaviour otherwise he will lose all his friends.
(g) The culprit must accept his fault otherwise he will not be spared.
(h) She felt unwell today so she did not attend the office.
(i) She had purchased a book and she has lost it.
(j) You must attend the class otherwise you will not be allowed to sit in the examination.
15. (a) I shall talk to him when I reach my office.
(b) The child is spoilt when the rod is spared.
(c) The thief ran away when he saw the policeman.
(d) She cannot attend her office today as she is feeling unwell.
(e) The child started weeping because he felt hungry.
(f) The news is so good that it cannot be true.
(g) You will remain healthy if you eat less.
(h) The old man is a miser though he is very rich.
(i) Children went to see the fair after putting on new clothes.
(j) You will repent if you do not keep quiet.
16. Take help from Ques-1 to solve this question.
17. Take help from Ques-2 to solve this question.

## Chapter-16. Direct and Indirect Speech

1. (a) David said that there was an excellent band playing later on.
(b) Amit said that he had seen Anita at the bank on Monday.
(c) The driver said that he was going to turn right at the traffic lights.
(d) Murari said that he had returned the dictionary to the library.
(e) The doctor said that he would send him the result as soon as they arrive.
(f) Sidharth asked if I would come to his party on Saturday.
(g) The shop owner asked if I was looking for something special.
(h) Jack said that he would lend his grammar book if I think it would help.
(i) Jane said that she played tennis every Saturday.
(j) He said that Mathematics is a Science.
2. (a) He requested me to give him a glass of water.
(b) He asked me where I lived.
(c) Roopa said that she had to write a letter.
(d) She says that she was ill.
(e) I wished him good morning.
(f) The teacher asked the students if they had done their English lesson that day.
(g) He advised me that I had to decide what I want to do.
(h) Father advised the son to behave well.
(i) They advised us to decide the matter ourselves.
(j) He congratulated me.
(k) The students requested the teacher to explain the matter again.
(l) The teacher said that he might do whatever he liked.
(m) The captain asked if we were hungry.
(n) The student replied the sir that he had done his duty.
3. (a) John said that he loved that town.
(b) He asked me whether I was sure.
(c) He said that he couldn't drive a lorry.
(d) He ordered him to be nice to his brother.
(e) He urged me not to be nasty.
(f) She told us not to waste money.
(g) She asked him what he had decided to do.
(h) He said that he always woke up early.
(i) He advised the students to revise their lessons.
(j) He asked me where I had been born.
4. (a) Vineet told Rosy where I was going.
(b) The teacher asked the newcomer what is his name.
(c) The wolf asked the lambs why they were all so sad.
(d) The mother asked her daughter how she had fared in the examination.
(e) The shopkeeper asked me which bag I wanted.
(f) She questioned him that why he was disturbing her.
(g) I asked the boys who taught him English.
(h) John asked Mary what she was doing.
(i) The old man asked himself why he had come there.
(j) He asked whether he was looking good.
5. (a) The old woman requested the boy to help her.
(b) I advised him to love and obey his parents.
(c) The teacher advised the students to work hard.
(d) Jim requested me to lend him my pen.
(e) The doctor advised the patients to quit smoking.
(f) The officer ordered the clerk to do it immediately.
(g) The teacher asked the boy to come in.
(h) He asked me to post that letter at once.
(i) I forbade children to make a noise.
(j) I forbade her to mention his name.
(k) I told the child not to look down into the well.
(l) He asked me to wait there till he returned.
6. (a) The boy exclaimed with joy that he had won the match.
(b) The old man exclaimed with sorrow that he had lost his purse.
(c) The child exclaimed with wonder that it was a beautiful sight.
(d) The girl exclaimed with wonder that the girl was beautiful.
(e) The candidate exclaimed that the problem was very difficult.
(f) The students wished their teacher good morning.
(g) Alice exclaimed with delight that she was very glad to meet her friend here.
(h) The emperor exclaimed with sorrow that their foes were too strong.
(i) The boy exclaimed with wonder that he had won a prize.

## 7. Do it yourself.

## Chapter-17. Punctuation

1. (a) The men in question (Harold Keene, Jim Peterson and Gerald Greene) deserve awards.
(b) Several countries participated in the airlift: Italy, Belgium, France and Luxembourg.
(c) "Only one course was open to us: surrender," said the ex-major," and we did."
(d) Judge V M Rao-later to be nominated for the Supreme Court, had ruled against civil rights.
(e) Yes, Jim said, "I'll be home by ten."
(f) There was only one thing to do-study till dawn.
(g) Montaigne wrote the following: "A wise man never loses anything, if he has himself."
(h) The following are the primary colours: red, blue, and yellow.
(i) Arriving on the 8:10 plane were Ravi, my old roommate; his brother and Ashish.
(j) When the teacher commented that her spelling was poor, Akash replied, "All the members of my family are poor spellers. Why not me?"
(k) He used the phrase "you know" so often that I finally said "No, I don't know."
(l) The automobile dealer handled three makes of cars: Volkswagens, Porsches and Mercedes Benz.
(m) Though Paul said he would arrive on the 9:19 flight, he came instead on the 10:36 flight.
(n) "Whoever thought," said Ravi, "that Raj would be elected class president?"
(o) In baseball, a "show boat" is a man who shows off.
(p) There was a very interesting article entitled "The New Rage for Folk Singing" in last Sunday's New York Times newspaper.
(q) "Whoever is elected secretary of the club-Prerna, or Chandra, or Aisha-must be prepared to do a great deal of work," said Sangeeta, the previous secretary.
(r) Darwin's On the Origin of Species (1859) caused a great controversy when it appeared.
2. (a) Yesterday I went to Peter's house, but he was not at home. His mother told me that he had gone to East Coast Park so, I went there and found him cycling on the path with John, Tom and David. The boys invited me to join them so, I hired a bike and we rode for about two hours before we decided to eat we were famished! We ate at Domino's Pizza. The burgers were delicious, a perfect end to a perfect day.
(b) Tom lost his keys and we were all helping him to search for them. We went through the whole house, we looked in every drawer and cupboard, then we started looking in funny places like under the bed, behind the door, under the carpet, as well as outside, in the garden but, we could not find the keys. "Oh! I remember," said Tom. I put them into my pocket when we left the regent theatre. Sorry, everyone. I'll buy you an ice cream for helping me.
(c) "My heart leaps up when I behold a rainbow in the sky," wrote William Wordsworth, the famous poet and most of us share his feelings when we are lucky enough to see a rainbow. There is an old saying that a pot of gold is buried at the end of the rainbow, but have you ever tried to reach a rainbows end? Of course its impossible, because a rainbow is really just the result of the raindrops refracting and reflecting light from our Sun. There are seven colours in the rainbow: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet.
(d) She looked surprised. She said your garden must be big. He said that it is, and he had plans to make it bigger. He took the ladder out of the garage. He set it up in the garden room. When he was on the ladder. He could reach the top of the walls. Now he could have trees in his garden. He made a pear tree and a walnut tree. He made vines to hang from the branches. He made birds nests in the trees. It rained one night and he lay awake. My garden will be gone, he thought, but it was not gone. Only a few vegetables were washed away.
(e) One day Ralph decided to pack his suitcase full of snowballs. His cousin, sammy, told him not to. He told Ralph that all the snowballs would melt and ruin his suitcase. Ralph didn't listen. He packed his suitcase full of snowballs and they all melted. Water started to leak out of his suitcase, Ralph figured out a way to solve his problem. He put his suitcase in the freezer and the water turned to ice.

## Chapter-18. Words Often Confused

1. 

(a) hear, here
(b) None, nun
(c) maid, made
(d) Where, were
(e) read, red
(f) meet, meat
(g) Ideal, Idle
(h) Week, weak
(i) Astrology, astronomy
(j) die, dye
(k) rode, road
(l) Herd, Heard
(m) Conscious, conscientious
(n) Ale, ails
(o) Industrial, industrious
(p) shine, signed
(q) Imaginary, imaginative
2. (a) Accept - They offered her the job, and she accepted it.
Except - The store will be open daily except Sundays.
(b) Check - Please check my accounts.

Cheque - Please remit payment by cheque.
(c) Heel - The heel of my foot hurts.

Heal - $\quad$ She was told her leg should heal in about six weeks.
(d) Principal - Prince was misbehaving, so the teacher sent him to see the principal.
Principle - He was a man of principle and true to his word.
(e) Here - Let's take a picture here.

Hare - The tortoise wins the race while the hare is sleeping.
(f) Sore - The initial symptoms of the disease are sore throat and fever.
Sour - These plums are a bit sour.
(g) Soul - Medicine is for body as meditation is for soul.
Sole - He was the sole survivor of the crash.
(h) Steel - The beams are made of steel. Steal - He is accused of stealing the money.
(i) Tail - The dog wagged its tail excitedly. Tall - Is there anybody who can tell a fairy tale?
(j) Patrol - The scouts began to patrol the area. Petrol - My car runs on unleaded petrol.
3.
(a) beach
(b) vain
(c) discrete
(d) pray
(e) sheer
(f) break
(g) dew
(h) soul
(i) whole
(j) suit
4. (a) I was the lone witness to that tragic accident.
(b) My shoes are made of canvas.
(c) We have painted the ceiling of our room.
(d) The patient was in a state of coma before dying.
(e) I differ from you on this point.
(f) The old lady died a miserable death.
(g) I have taken two doses of Corona vaccine.
(h) Lack of rain causes drought.
(i) The deer can take a long jump.
(j) The chord of my violin is not tuned nowadays.
5. shoe wait so allowed birds
would great

## Chapter-19. Synonyms and Antonyms

1. (a) militant
(b) future
(c) prohibit
(d) vacant
(e) gather
(f) suppress
(g) coarse
(h) mistake
(i) extravagant
(j) obstinate
2. (a) borrow
(b) sour
(c) patient
(d) rude
(e) ignore
(f) ally
(g) kind
(h) careful
(i) fade
(j) victory
combative
coming
forbid
unoccupied
accumulate
restrain
rough
blunder
spendthrift
stubborn
lend
sweet
impatient
courteous
notice
enemy
cruel
careless
brighten
defeat
3. (a) inconvenient
(b) educated/Polite
(c) cheap
(d) unaccepted
(e) unconfident
(f) passed
(g) rarely
(h) coward
(i) descending
(j) uncommon
4. (a) carriage
(b) chef
(c) garbage
(d) untrue
(e) worried
(f) bucket
(g) sofa
(h) shrine
(i) clever
(j) option

## Chapter-20. Idiomatic Expressions

1. 

(a) fill in
(b) go on
(c) speak up
(d) stayed out
(e) take off
2.
(a) see, off
(b) take off
(c) go off
(d) put off
(e) turn off
3.
(a) Hold on
(b) try on
(c) get on
(d) carry on
(e) put on
4.
(a) wash up
(b) hang up
(c) look, up
(d) give up
(e) wake up
5.
(a) (iii)
(b) (i)
(c) (vi)
(d) (v)
(e) (iv)
(f) (ii)
6.
(a) held up
(b) stay away
(c) set aside
(d) let off
(e) picked up
(f) pull through
(g) made of
(h) make up for
(i) gets on
(j) brok in
7.
(a) dawned on
(b) carried on
(c) gave up
(d) Switch on
(e) takes after
(f) blurt out
(g) brought up
(h) drying out
(i) sold out
(j) looking around
(k) take off
(l) called off
(m) accede to
(n) took to
(o) make up
(p) turned on
(q) deals in
(r) cast aside
(s) gone off
(t) worked up

## Chapter-21. Improving Spellings

1. 

(a) discrepancy
(b) endeavor
(c) equilibrium
(d) excessive
(e) extricate
(f) expected
(g) flamboyant
(h) frostbitten
(i) translation
(j) hazardous
2.
(a) cameos
(b) caricature
(c) catastrophe
(d) chandelier
(e) characteristic
(f) chrysanthemum
(g) circumference
(h) collateral
(i) colleague
(j) confiscate
(k) confiscation
(l) consequence
(m) considerable ( n ) controversy ( o ) continuous
(p) council
(q) counsel
(r) criticise
(s) critique
(t) cylinder
(u) deficiency
(v) desolate
3.
(a) tangible
(b) horrible
(c) express
(d) entrance
(e) absorb
(f) electricity
(g) breathe
(h) information
(i) ancestor
(j) specific
(k) possible
(l) admission
(m) partial
(n) saucer
(o) suppose
(p) crimson

## Chapter-22. Comprehension

(1) 1. (c)
2. (d)
3. (a)
4. (a)
5. (d)
6. (b)
(2) 1. (d)
2. (a)
3. (c)
4. (c)
5. (c)
6. (a)
(3) 1. (e)
2. (c)
3. (c)
4. (d)
5. (d)
(4) 1. (a)
2. (d)
3. (b)
4. (d)
5. (a)
6. (c)

## Chapter-23 to 28

## Refer to examples given in the textbook.

## Chapter-29. Listening Skills

1. (a) The gatekeeper, Guru
(b) Yes
(c) They learned how to launch and fly kites higher.
2. (a) Karl benz, 1888
(b) Panhard et Levassor
(c) 1911
(d) Ford
3. (a) stake, territory
(b) perches, edges
(c) mate
(d) young, perfect, adult
4. (a) 60 percent
(b) Hypothalamus
(c) Water distribute/dissipate the body heat efficiently. It regulates body's temperature. Drinking a litre of water in the morning is kidney friendly.
5. (a)
(b)
(c) $\boldsymbol{\checkmark}$
6. (a) Maria Montessori
(b) 10
(c) University of Rome
7. (a) Complicated
(b) label, expressions
(c) labels, symbols
(d) words
