BOOK-3

CHAPTER - 1

- A. 1. It is raining.
 - 2. They are beautiful women.
 - 3. Dogs bark.
 - 4. The sun is a ball of fire.
 - 5. The lotus is a lovely flower.
 - 6. Trees give us fruits and shade.
 - 7. Delhi is the capital of India.
 - 8. The Taj Mahal is very beautiful.
- B. 1. Subject : Dad

Verb : is cooking

2. Subject : Rahul

Verb : is running

3. Subject : The girl

Verb : is singing

4. Subject : It

Verb : was raining

5. Subject : We all

Verb : need Subject : Sanjay and Rahul

Verb : are fighting

C. 1. complete 2. incomplete

3. complete 4. incomplete

5. complete 6. complete

7. complete 8. incomplete

D. 1. The girl is skipping rope.

6.

- 2. The boy is playing with his dog.
- 3. The two boys are playing badminton.
- E. 1. assertive or declarative 2. assertive
 - 3. imperative 4. interrogative
 - 5. exclamatory 6. interrogative

- 7. optative 8. imperative
- 9. imperative 10. exclamatory
- 11. optative 12. imperative
- 13. imperative 14. exclamatory
- 15. interrogative
- F. 1. Are the children playing?
 - 2. You are going for shopping today.
 - 3. Do we like our neighbours?
 - 4. What a lovely weather it is!
 - 5. Oh no! We lost the match.

A. Things : plate, table, bus, cooker, book.

Animal : dog, cow, lion, cub

Places : school, hotel, farm, museum, library

People : dentist, lawyer, brother

- B. 1. Itolduncle Rawat about my accident.
 - 2. I live in Hyderabad.
 - 3. I like <u>Sandhya</u> the most.
 - 4. I am a (girl.)
 - 5. I am eating a cake
 - 6. I like to see the Andaman Islands.
 - 7. I have so many **friends**.
 - 8. The **(lion)** is playing with its **(cubs)**
- C. 1. dentist 2. lawyer 3. cobbler
 - 4. teacher 5. actor
- 6. baker
- D. People: George W. Bush, Harry Potter, Tony Blair,

Mahatma Gandhi

Months/Days of the week: Monday, January, Sunday, April

Place: Australia, Germany, India, Russia

Monument: Red Fort, India Gate, The Taj Mahal,

The Eiffel Tower

Festival: Christmas Day, Children's Day, Diwali,

Valentine's Day

E. Sunil: P books: C

Delhi:P Durga Puja:P apartment: C Kolkata: P river: C Ganges: P Yamuna: P Bengali food: C dogs: C restaurants: C

cats: C

F. 1. bird 2. insect 3. vegetable 4. game 5. flower 6. fruit

7. animal 8. vehicle

G. Common Nouns:

cup
 spoon
 reptile
 chair
 girl
 boy
 stiger
 dove

10. water

Proper Nouns:

1. Rahul 2. The Red Fort

America
 The Pacific
 Roopa
 Sonali
 Bunty
 Bittoo

9. Ajay 10. The Taj Mahal

H. 1. C 5. C

2. P 6. P

3. P 7. C

4. C 8. P

CHAPTER - 3

A. 1. Empress 5. Woman

2. Czarina 6. Countess

3. Hind 7. Niece

4. Nun 8. Goddess

B. Masculine : Boy, Son, Father, King

Feminine : Girl, Witch, Queen, Mother

Common : Child, Teacher, Dancer, Doctor

Neuter : Book, Lamp, File, Pen

C. 1. hostess 2. auntie/aunty/aunt

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- 3. king
- gentlemen 5.
- 1. Mistress D.
 - 3. Dog
 - 5. Lioness
 - Wife 7.
- E. **Masculine**
 - Drake
 - 2. Buck
 - 3. Fox
 - 4. Cock
 - 5. Tiger
 - Bull 6.
 - 7. Peacock

- grandmother, boys 4.
 - 2. Auntie/Aunty / Aunt
 - 4. Horse
 - 6. Prince
 - Sir 8.

Feminine

duck

doe

vixen

hen

tigress

cow

peahen

CHAPTER - 4

A. I:me

he:him

it:it

she: her

В. 1. We

- - 4. He, Him
 - 7. It
 - 10. you
 - 13. us
- C. 1. He
 - 4. He
 - We 7.
 - 10. He
- D. 1. I
 - 4. Ι
 - 7. I
 - 10. me

they: them

you:you

we:us

- 2. her
- 5. you
- me/us
- 11. They
- 14. them
- 2. She
- 5. She
- 8. She
- 11. We
- 2. I
- 5. he
- 8. we
- 11. I

- 3. He 6. these, they
- 9. you
- 12. me
- 3. It
- 6. They
- 9. They
- 3. they
- 6. she
- 9. they
- 12. they, we

he/she E. 1. I/he/she 2. 3. you 4. you 5. I/he 6. his/her 7. I/he/she 8. he 10. him/her 9. me 11. he 12. they

CHAPTER - 5

- A. 1. What
 2. Who
 3. Which
 4. Whose
 5. What
 6. Who
 - 7. What 8. What 9. What 10. What
- B. 1. What is he?/What does he do?
 - 2. Which shirt would you like to buy?
 - 3. What did you see on the table?
 - 4. To whom does this watch belong? Is this yours?
- C. 1. What 2. Who
- 3. Whom4. Whom5. Where6. What
 - 7. What 8. Which 9. Whom 10. What
 - 11. Who

- A. 1. That 2. This/that
 - 3. These/those 4. These/Those
 - 5. That 6. This
- B. 1. This is her dress.
 - 2. These are your keys.
 - 3. <u>This</u> is a very sweet song.
 - 4. Both dresses are beautiful, but <u>this</u> is better than <u>that</u>.
 - 5. This is the pen given by him.

- 6. Those are the hills where tiger lives.
- 7. This is his method of counselling.
- 8. This is the way, I believe.
- C. This is a new bicycle.

That is an aeroplane.

- A. 1. There is an **empty** room upstairs.
 - 2. It is a **cold** winter.
 - 3. Delhi is clean and green.
 - 4. The fruits are (rotten).
 - 5. All the players are very **(tall)**.
 - 6. It is a **beautiful** rainbow.
 - 7. This is an **Indian** temple.
 - 8. A (fierce) dog barked at me.
 - 9. (A few) puppies are there with a bitch.
 - 10. My bag is big.
- B. 1. sweet
- 2. cold
- 3. free

- 4. large
- 5. short
- 6. high

- 7. playful
- 8. poor
- C. 1. Adjective of number/definite numeral adjective
 - 2. Adjective of quality
 - 3. Adjective of quantity
 - 4. Interrogative adjective
 - 5. Demonstrative adjective
 - 6. Adjective of origin
 - 7. Possessive adjective
 - 8. Adjective of quality
 - 9. Adjective of quality
 - 10. Adjective of quality

- D. 1. sour, sweet
- 2. sharp
- 3. honest/old
- 4. good, bad
- 5. honest
- E. (Picture of) ice cream – cold
 - (Picture of) hot-air balloon huge
 - (Picture of) fort old
 - (Picture of) pig-ugly
 - (Picture of) boy tall
 - (Picture of) fire hot
- F. Reeta is a beautiful girl.
 - 2. Mr. Verma has a big house in Mumbai.
 - 3. She wore a <u>colourful</u> dress yesterday.
 - 4. The child is quite <u>playful</u> by nature.
 - The people living here are mostly poor. 5.
 - 6. He looks to be <u>sad</u>.
 - 7. My grandfather lives in a <u>large</u> house in the village.
 - 8. That car was very small.
 - 9. She is a <u>naughty</u> child.
 - 10. His servants are honest.

- 1. off A.
- 2. on
- 3. at
- 4. in
- 5. after
- 6. under
- 7. from
- between 8.
- 9. behind
- 10. in
- B. 1. at
- 2. in
- 3. on
- 4. by

- 5. around
- behind 6.
- 7. up
- 8. between 10. near
- 9. into
- 12.
- 11. after
- under
- 13. with
- 14. before

- C. Sumit is sitting in his chair.
 - A girl is standing under the tree. 2.
 - The cows are on the way. 3.
 - Sushil is standing between two girls.
 - The stars are in the sky. 5.

- A. 1. and
- 5. and
- 2. and
- 6. or
- 3. but
- 7. but

4. or 8. and

1. a

4. b

2. c

В.

5. b

3. a

- 6. a
- C. 1. Ram and Shyam work hard.
 - 2. He will come when he is not ill.
 - 3. Sohan sells bananas and apples.
 - 4. Sonu plays for pleasure but Monu plays for money.
 - 5. It is cold and wet today.
 - 6. I sat down when I was feeling tired.
 - 7. We left early so that we would not be late.
- 1. cup and plate D.
- shoes and socks 2.
- 3. bread and butter
- 4. thread and needle
- 5. day and night
- 1. AFTER E.
- 2. **UNTIL**
- 3. AND
- 4. **BECAUSE**
- **UNLESS** 5.

CHAPTER - 10

- A. 1. are
- 5. are

2. is

6. is

3. is

7. am

4. is

- 8. are
- 33

- B. 1. The children go to school by car.
 - 2. Owls sleep during the day.
 - 3. These books belong to Ravi.
 - 4. Polar bears <u>live</u> on the North Pole.
 - 5. Children <u>learn</u> very fast.
 - 6. Mr. Sharma teaches me Hindi.
 - 7. The earth <u>revolves</u> around the sun.
 - 8. Many shops <u>close</u> on Monday.
- C. 1. have 2. has 3. have
 - 4. has 5. has 6. has
 - 7. has 8. has
- D. 1. Rama is going to the market.
 - 2. The soldiers are fighting a battle on the border.
 - 3. Ravi has a nice pen.
 - 4. My brother and I are good at playing cards.
 - 5. Jane and Tack are good friends.
 - 6. I have a lot of homework to finish.
 - 7. I am a good cricketer.
 - 8. She has a beautiful handwriting.
- E. 1. is 2. are 3. are
 - 4. has 5. have

- A. 1. was 6. were
 - 2. was 7. was
 - 3. were 8. were
 - 4. was 9. were
 - 5. were 10. was
- B. Correct past tense forms:
 - 1. lost 5. showed
 - 2. hurt, fell 6. sold
 - 3. broke 7. bought

- 4. got
- C. 1. gave
 - lived 2.
 - bought 3.
 - 4. drove
- D. 1. T
 - 2. F
 - 3. F

- caught 8.
- 5. took
- 6. landed
- 7. invented
- cost 8.
- 4. T
- 5. T

- busily A. 1.
 - 2. coolly
 - strongly 3.
 - comfortably 4.
 - 5. annually
- В. 1. fiercely
 - early 2.
 - there 3.
 - carelessly 4.
 - 5. underground
 - outside 6.
- neatly C. 1.
 - 2. quietly
 - carefully 3.
 - 4. regularly
- loudly 1. D.
 - - 2. slowly
 - 3. badly
 - 4. hard
- T E. 1.
- - 3. T
 - 5. F

- 6. daily
- bravely 7.
- 8. merrily
- 9. softly
- 10. weakly
- 7. now
- 8. inside
- here 9.
- 10. differently
- 11. why
- slowly 12.
- 5. sadly
- brightly 6.
- 7. closely
- 8. clearly
- 5. very
- 6. never
- 7. luckily
- 8. bravely
- 2. F
- T 4.

- A. 1. the
- 6. the, the

2. a 7. the, the

3. a

- 8. a, the
- 4. the, an
- a, a
- 5.
- 9.
- the, the
- 10. the, the

В. 1. an 6. the

2. a 3.

7. a

an

8. a

4. a 5.

- 9. the
- a C. An eagle 1.
- 10. an 7. The Ganges
- 2. The moon

- 8. The sun
- 3. Arocket
- 9. Ateacher
- 4. Amango
- 10. An apple
- 5. An elephant
- 11. An umbrella
- Atelevision
- 12. An onion

- Have you seen Mr. Gupta? A. 1.
 - We went to Darjeeling for holidays. 2.
 - 3. My friend doesn't speak English.
 - 4. Have a nice day, Miss Puri!
 - They celebrated Diwali in London.
- В. 1. This is Rani's bike.
 - 2. Rohit can't do it.
 - 3. Mr. Sharma is checking the pupils' papers.
 - 4. Don't make such an excuse.
 - 5. Doctors take care of people's health.
 - 6. Police officers take care of residents' security.
- 1. This food is delicious, isn't it? C.
 - Hello Sunil, have you seen Rajesh's new car?

- 3. 'Good morning, children!' said Miss Lee.
- 4. I can't speak French very well.
- 5. Excuse me, Mr. Khan. Could you help me with this sum, please?
- 6. Shivam's mother bought rice, eggs and flour.
- 7. Yes, thank you. I've had a nice day.
- 8. She's my elder sister's friend.
- D. 1. Bela is my sister's friend.
 - 2. Mother asked if I had tidied my room.
 - 3. Don't speak to your mother like this!
 - 4. Oh dear! Did he hurt himself?
 - 5. What a lovely weather!
 - 6. Mohit is very handsome, isn't he?
- E. 1. This is Peter. He is my best friend.
 - 2. A giraffe is a tall, long-necked, long-legged animal.
 - 3. Good morning, sir!
 - 4. How many stamps do you have?
 - 5. Shalu collects everybody's plate after the meal.

		Citi	~ 1 1 _	N 19
A.	1.	permit	5.	quickly
	2.	large	6.	understand
	3.	good	7.	deny
	4.	rent	8.	jumps
B.	1.	Fat	6.	soft
	2.	Bold, Brave	7.	sorrow
	3.	Intelligent	8.	no
	4.	Cruel	9.	strong, powerful
	5.	Weak, Feeble		
C.	1.	wicket keeper	6.	jeweller
	2.	postman	7.	cobbler
	3.	driver/chauffeur	8.	plumber
	4.	poet	9.	meat seller
	5.	fashion designer	10.	singer

Unseen Passages:

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- A. 1. Gautam Buddha was born at Lumbini Vana.
 - 2. His name before enlightenment was Siddhartha.
 - 3. The sight of an old man, a sick man and a dead body made him sad.
 - 4. He left his palace to find out the cause of sorrow and difficulties of life.
 - 5. His son's name was Rahul.

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- B. 1. The people who really helped in the building of civilisation are not mentioned in the history books.
 - 2. The really civilised people are those who have brought peace and happiness to mankind.
 - 3. It is the warriors, conquerors and destroyers who are praised by the historians.
 - 4. The saints, doctors, inventors, discoverers, and such other people deserve our admiration and respect.
 - 5. The statues of the warriors, conquerors and destroyers who fought bravely and killed many are made for admiration.

Story Writing:

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- 1. It was the boy Ramu who cried 'Wolf! Wolf!'.
- 2. Ramu lied to have some fun.
- 3. The wolf killed all of Ramu's sheep and injured him also.
- 4. No, the cats did not get justice.
- 5. The two cats were fighting over a piece of bread.
- 6. A monkey came to settle their dispute.

Assess Yourself - I

- A. 1. The dog has a long tail.
 - 2. The sun sets in the west.
 - 3. Have mercy on the poor.
 - 4. Open the door.
 - 5. We all love honesty.
- B. 1. An Interrogative sentence asks a question.
 - 2. A gender tells us if a noun is a male or a female or neither of them or a lifeless object.
 - 3. Proper noun are the names given to particular people, places and things. Mahatma Gandhi, New Delhi
 - 4. Personal Pronoun take the place of names of persons, animals, places or things. Examples: I, You, he she, it, we, they, this, that, these and those.
 - 5. An exclamatory sentence expresses a sudden feding of joy, sorrow or surprise. An optative sentence expresses a sudden wish.
- C. 1. Assertive or dedarative
 - 2. Interrogative
 - 3. Imperative
 - 4. Exclamatory
 - 5. Optative

D.		Common Noun		Proper Noun
	1.	Uncle		Rohit
	2.	Cinema		_
	3.	Lion, cubs		
	4.	Sister's hero		Shah Rukh Khan
	5.	Story, boy		Harry Potter
E.		Feminine		Masculine
	1.	Mistress		
	2.			Lion
	3.		Emper	or
	4.	Wife		
	5.	Witch		
			39	1

- F. 1. him / her
 - 2. us / you
 - 3. you / her
 - 4. me / you/ them / us / him / her
 - 5. me / you / them / us / him / her

Assess Yourself - II

- Demonstrative pronouns are used for showing things. A. 1. The words this, that, these and those are demonstrative pronouns.
 - 2. Preposition show the relations of a nouns or pronouns with other words in a sentence.

Examples: at, above, a cross, by, before, between, among, down, into, on, upon, etc

Because they link two or more sentences, words, etc. 3.

4.

An adjective which tells us about the place or country a person or thing comes from is called the adjective or origin.

Examples: Indian, Japanese etc.

- which / that В. 1.
 - 3. who
 - 5. what
 - 7. which
 - 9. those
- C. funny 1.
 - every 3.
 - 5. the
 - 7. whose
 - 9. great
- D. 1 in
 - 3. before
 - 5. for
 - 7. over
 - 9. across

- who
- 4. which
- 6. that
- 8. what
- 10. who
- raugh, stormy
- 4. these
- 6. whose
- 8. all, mortal
- 10. some
- 2. near
- 4. at
- 6. until
- inside
- 10. between

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E. 1. before 2. until 3. when 4. after 5. and

Assess Yourself - III

- A. 1. rudely 2. fast
 - 3. nicely 4. hard
 - 5. very 6. bravely
 - 7. badly 8. angrily
 - 9. brutally 10. rudely
- B. 1. The present tense tells us that something is true at the present time, or something is happening right now.
 - 2. An adverb is a word that describes an action. An adverb adds meaning to a verb, adverb or adjective.
 - 3. The adverbs which tell us about time are called adverbs of time.

Examples: last night, always etc.

- 4. 'A' and 'An' are called indefinite articles. They are used with singular countable nouns
- 5. (i) The first letter of a word that begins a sentence is capital.
 - (ii) A proper noun is written with a capital letter.
- C. 1. comes 2. enjoys 3. collects
 - 4. revolves 5. wash 6. sets
 - 7. wears 8. lands 9. departs
 - 10. eats
- D. 1. took 2. told 3. bent
 - 4. brought 5. got 6. fleve
 - 7. heard 8. shot 9. slept
 - 10. cooked.
- E. 1. This is Rohit. He is my last friend.
 - 2. I can't speek Hindi very well.
 - 3. Mona's mother bought soap, pulses and vegetables.
 - 4. We went to the library on Thursday.
 - 5. Good night miss chawla.